

IMT PERFORMANCE MEASURES

1. Obtaining local context (e.g., burn scars, trail systems, local weather patterns) to inform their operations?
2. Being sensitive to the local community culture and political climate?
3. Incorporating information about local values at risk (e.g., biological, archeological, cultural, recreational) into the management of the fire
4. Being accessible to you
5. Rapidly identifying the key local players they needed to be communicating with during the incident
6. Seeking to understand the organizational culture, values, and capacities of your agency
7. Clarifying roles and responsibilities
8. Engaging affected jurisdictions in planning and decision making from the beginning
9. Including your agency in the dissemination of vital information during the incident
10. Valuing your agency's input
11. Getting your agency the information you needed to be effective
12. Serving as a positive ambassador in interactions with the local community
13. Being flexible in adapting their fire management strategy to account for local preferences
14. Being helpful to cooperating agencies
15. Staying in their lane and not over-stepping their delegation of authority
16. Valuing local knowledge and local input
17. Sharing credit with your agency
18. Acknowledging cooperation
19. Using the incident as a training opportunity to build local capacity

Branda Nowell and Toddi Steelman, Principal Investigators
Branda_Nowell@ncsu.edu
Fire Chasers Project//North Carolina State University
www.firechasers.ncsu.edu

